

TECHNICAL DATA SHEET



PRODUCT SPECIFICATION Hybrid axial/radial Flow movement Flow direction Up/Down Weight 1.30 ± 0.25 g Viscosity range 1-1500 cP RPM range 100-1100 RPM Volume range 10 - 30 mL Dimension Ø 9 x 25 mm



Preferred vessel:





HIGH TURNOVER DESIGN

Reference impeller: Pitched-blade paddle



Application include mixing of:

- Solid catalysts
- Powder in resins, paints, and creams
- Powdered flocculants

MATERIAL TECHNICAL DATA					
Shell material	polyethylene naphthalate (PEN)				
Application temperature	-60 to 155°C				
Color	white				
Coefficient of friction	0.12				
Hydrolysis resistance	200 hours				
Compliance	FDA food contact, USP <87>				
Magnet material	SmCo permanent				
Remanence (Br)	9,800~11,000 Gs				
Sterilization	gamma, steam, EtOH				

PRODUCT HIGHLIGHT



Shell made of PEN to reduce our dependency on PTFE & PFAS



Food contact safe



No cell toxicity, bio-inert



Non-hazardous materials



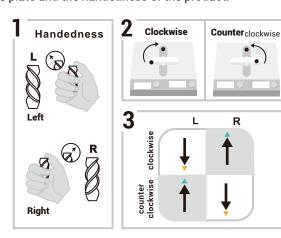
Estimated carbon footprint of PEN is 3.4 kg CO, eq/kg



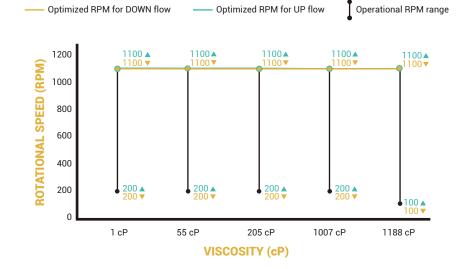
Recyclable with PET bottle

FLOW DIRECTION SETTING

The up/down flow direction depends on the spin direction of the plate and the handedness of the product.



RECOMMENDED OPERATING RANGE

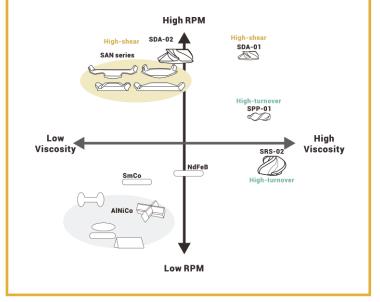


CHEMICAL RESISTANCE CHART

	PEN	PVDF	PTFE	PEN PVDF PTFE
Acetic acid (10%)	Α	Α	Α	Hydrogen peroxide (30%) A A A
Acetic acid (40%)	Α	Α	Α	Isopropyl alcohol (IPA) A A A
Acetone	В	D	Α	Methano l A A A
Ammonium chloride (25%)	Α	Α	Α	Methyl ethyl ketone (MEK) A D A
Benzene	В	Α	Α	Nitric acid (10%) A A A
Chloroform	С	Α	Α	Nitric acid (20%) A A A
Cyclohexane	Α	Α	Α	Nitric acid (67%) D A A
Cyclohexanol	Α	Α	Α	Phosporic acid (10%) A B A
Calcium chloride (10%)	Α	Α	Α	Phosphoric acid (85%) D B A
Chromic acid (10%)	Α	Α	Α	Potassium hydroxide (10%) A A A
Citric acid	Α	Α	Α	Potassium hydroxide (30%) B A A
Diethyl ether	Α	Α	Α	Sulfuric acid (10%) A A A
Dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO)	С	С	Α	Sulfuric acid (30%) C A A
Dimethyl formamide (DMF)	С	D	Α	Sulfuric acid (>80%) D A A
Ethano l	Α	Α	Α	Sodium acetate (40%) sol. A A A
Ethyl acetate	Α	D	Α	Sodium chloride (sat.) (32%) A A A
Ethylene diamine	С	В	Α	Sodium bicarbonate (sat.) A A A
Ethylene glycol	Α	Α	Α	Sodium hydroxide (10%) sol. A A A
Formaldehyde (40%)	Α	Α	Α	Sodium hydroxide (30%) sol. A C A
Formic acid (10%)	Α	Α	Α	Sodium hypochlorite A A A
Formic acid (30%)	С	В	Α	Styrene (monomer) A A A
Gasoline	Α	Α	Α	Tetrahydrofuran (THF) B B A
Glycerol	Α	Α	Α	Toluene A A A
Heptane	Α	Α	Α	Triethanolamine C A A
Hexane	Α	Α	Α	Vinyl chloride (monomer) A A A
Hydrobromic acid (10%)	Α	Α	Α	Xylene A A A
Hydrobromic acid (47%)	Α	Α	Α	Resistance at 23°C, immersed for 30 days
Hydrochloric acid (10%)	Α	Α	Α	Ranking definition:
Hydrochloric acid (37%)	Α	Α	Α	A: weight change <1%, tensile > 95%
Hydrofluoric acid (5%)	Α	Α	Α	B: weight change between 1~10%, tensile > 75% C: weight change > 10%, tensile < 75%
Hydrofluoric acid (50%)	D	В	Α	D: dissolved or swelled

SELECTION MATRIX

type of magnetic stir bars categorized by performance toward various speeds and viscosities.



PRECAUTION

Hazard Identification:

Not classified as hazardous according to OSHA or GHS regulations.

Avoid exposure to DMSO, DMF, CHCl₃, CCl₄, and HF.

Check compatibility:

Use chemical resistance chart as a reference.

Conditions to Avoid:

Temperatures above 160°C.

Storage:

Magnetic stir bars should be stored in pairs to maintain their magnetic strength, away from steel or iron surfaces and other magnetic fields. Keep them at ambient temperatures to avoid thermal stress, and handle carefully to prevent mechanical damage.

Disposal Considerations:

PEN (Polyethylene Naphthalate) can be recycled alongside PET (Polyethylene Terephthalate). Recycled as much as possible with PET or through incineration.





